Name:

1. func-4-5: Consider the following code:
```
def square(x):
    for counter in range(x-1) :
        runningtotal = x
    runningtotal = runningtotal + x
    return runningtotal
What happens if you put the initialization of runningtotal (the line runningtotal = x)
inside the for loop as the first instruction in the loop?
Answer: the function will return x+x (that gets calculated at every step)
```

2. Rewrite the following problems using an indefinite while-loop: factorial (n), sumTo(n), power(n,p) countVowels(word)

| def factorial (n): | $n!=1 * 2 * 3 * \ldots *_{n}$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| def sumTo (n): | $\operatorname{sumTo}(n)=1+2+3+\ldots+n$ |
| def power (n, p): | $\operatorname{power}(n, p)=n * n * \ldots *_{n}(p-t i m e s)$ |
| def countVowels (word) : | countVowels ("halloween") $->4$ |

## Answers:


3. Write a function to find greatest common divisor (GCD) or highest common factor (HCF) of two numbers. For example, $\operatorname{gcd}(18,12)=6$

4. p9-1: What is the result of executing the following code?

```
number = 0
while number <= 0:
    if number < 0:
        number = number + 1
    print(number)
```

Answer: 0 x infinite times (infinite loop)
5. What is the following code going to print:
numbers $=[3,0,2]$
cnt $=0$
for i in numbers:
for $j$ in range(i): print('iteration', cnt, end=': ') print(j) cnt = cnt + 1
Answer: iteration 0: 0
iteration 1: 1
iteration 2: 2
iteration 3: 0
iteration 4: 1
6. What is the following code going to print:

```
numbers = [3, 0, 2]
cnt = 0
for i in numbers:
    cnt = 0
```

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```
for j in range(i):
    print('iteration', cnt, end=': ')
    print(j)
    cnt = cnt + 1
```

Answer: iteration 0: 0
iteration 1: 1
iteration 2: 2
iteration 0: 0
iteration 1: 1
7. What is the following code going to print:
numbers $=[3,0,2]$
cnt $=0$
for i in numbers:
cnt = cnt - 1
for j in range(i): print('iteration', cnt, end=': ') print(j) cnt $=$ cnt +1
Answer: iteration-1: 0
iteration 0: 1
iteration 1: 2
iteration 0: 0
iteration 1: 1
8. What does this following code print:

```
size = 2
for i in range(size+1):
    print("i", end=" ")
    for j in range(i):
        print("duck", end=" ")
    print("goose")
    print("--" + "-" * i)
```

Answer: igoose
--
i duck goose
---
i duck duck goose
9. Split the following code in 2 utility-function get_month () and get_day () and a main() function that gets the input from the user and does the printing:

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```
date = input('Date: ') #January, 25
zodiac = input('Zodiac: ') #Rat
digits = ""
letters = ""
for char in date:
    if (char > '0' and char < ' 9'):
        digits = digits + char
    else:
        letters = letters + char
double = "20" * 2
print(digits, letters, double)
print("Year of the "+zodiac)
Answer:
def get month(date):
        letters = ""
        for char in date:
                if not (char > 'O' and char < '9'):
                        letters = letters + char
        return letters
def get_day(date):
        digits = ""
        for char in date:
            if (char > 'O' and char < ' 9'):
                        digits = digits + char
        return digits
def main():
        date = input('Date: ') #January, 25
        zodiac = input('Zodiac: ') #Rat
        double = "20" * 2
        print(get_day(date), get_month(date), double)
        print("Year of the "+zodiac)
```

10. What does this following code print:
```
for i in range(1,4):
    print(i, 'produces', i ** 2)
    for j in range(i ** 2, i, -2):
            if (j % 3 == 0):
                print(str(j) + ' is divisible by 3')
            else:
                print(str(j) + ' is not')
            print('step i done')
```

Answer:
1 produces 1
2 produces 4

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4 is not
step i done
3 produces 9
9 is divisible by 3
7 is not
step i done
5 is not
step i done
11. Correct this following program so that it reads the first non-empty user input:

```
count=0
user input=input('type your input: ')
while user_input == "" or count < 1:
    count\overline{+}=1
    user_input=input('type your input: ')
```

Answer:

```
user_input=input(`type your input: ')
while user_input == "":
    user_input=input('type your input: ')
```

